

Paket - 8.

$$1. \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{3}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$2. 2\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{3} = 2\sqrt{18} \\ = 2\sqrt{9 \times 2} \\ = 2 \cdot 3\sqrt{2} \\ = 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$3. 3\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{2}{3} : \frac{4}{9} = 3\frac{1}{4} + \frac{8}{3} \times \frac{9}{4} \\ = 3\frac{1}{4} + 6 \\ = 9\frac{1}{4}$$

$$4. \text{Selisih} = \frac{1}{9} \times 360.000 = 40.000$$

$$5. \text{bunga 1 bulan} = \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{4}{100} \times 2.000.000 \\ = 15.000$$

$$\text{Angsuran} = \frac{2.000.000}{8} + 15.000 \\ = 250.000 + 15.000 \\ = 265.000$$

6. persegi panjang

$$7. 2, 5, 8, 11, \dots$$

$\underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{+3} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{+3} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{+3}$

$$U_{50} = a + b(n-1) \\ = 2 + 3(50-1) \\ = 2 + 147 \\ = 149$$

$$8. 4, 1, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{16}, \dots$$

$\underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{\times \frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{\times \frac{1}{4}} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{\times \frac{1}{4}}$

$$U_n = ar^{n-1} \\ = 4 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n-1} \\ = 2^2 (2^{-2})^{n-1}$$

$U_n = 2^2 \cdot 2^{-2n+2} \\ = 2^{-2n+4}$

$$9. \frac{1}{2}(x-6) < 6 + \frac{4}{6}x$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x - 2 < 6 + \frac{2}{3}x \quad | \cdot 3 |$$

$$x - 6 < 18 + 2x$$

$$-6 - 18 < 2x - x$$

$$-24 < x$$

$$\textcircled{10}. 2x^2 + x - 6 = 2x^2 - 3x + 4x - 6 \\ = x(2x-3) + 2(2x-3) \\ = (2x-3)(x+2)$$

$$11. (1+4)x - (13-3)y = 3 \cdot 1 - (-4) \cdot 13$$

$$5x - 10y = 3 + 52$$

$$5x - 10y - 55 = 0$$

$$x - 2y - 11 = 0$$

$$12. 6x - 3y - 17 = 0$$

$$6x + 17 = 3y$$

$$\frac{6}{3}x - \frac{17}{3} = y$$

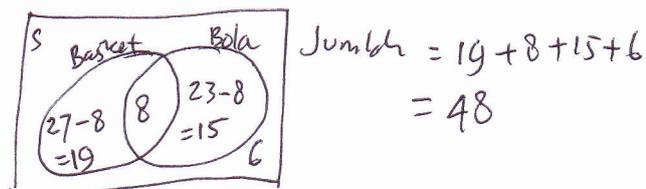
$$m = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$13. \begin{cases} \text{bil}_1 = x-2 \\ \text{bil}_2 = x \\ \text{bil}_3 = x+2 \end{cases} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} x-2+x+x+2 = 345 \\ 3x = 345 \\ x = 115 \end{array}$$

Jumlah terbesar & terkecil =

$$x-2+x+2 = 2x = 2 \cdot 115 = 230$$

14.



$$15. f(x) = ax + b$$

$$f(-2) = -2a + b = -11$$

$$f(3) = 3a + b = 4$$

$$\underline{-5a \quad = -15}$$

$$a = 3$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 15. \quad 3a + b &= 4 \\
 3.(3) + b &= 4 \\
 b &= 4 - 9 \\
 &= -5
 \end{aligned}$$

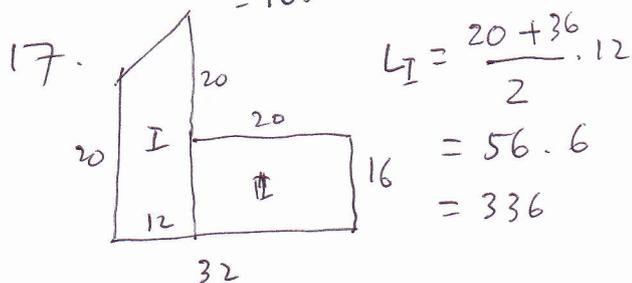
$$\begin{aligned}
 f(a) &= ax + b \\
 f(-a) &= 3.(-4) + (-5) \\
 &= -12 - 5 \\
 &= -17
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 16. \quad 5b + 5p &= 100 & \left| \begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 5 \end{array} \right. \\
 7b + 4p &= 119 & | \quad |
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4b + 4p &= 80 \\
 7b + 4p &= 119 - \\
 \hline
 -3b &= -39 \\
 b &= 13
 \end{aligned}$$

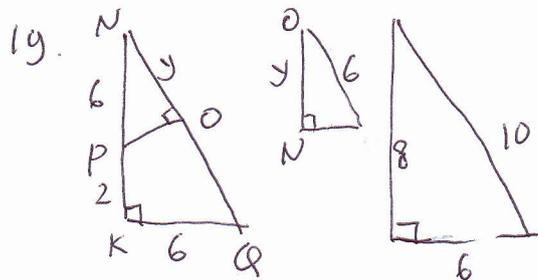
$$\begin{aligned}
 b + p &= 20 \\
 13 + p &= 20 \\
 p &= 20 - 13 = 7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 10b + 5p &= 10.(13) + 5(7) \\
 &= 130 + 35 \\
 &= 165
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 L_{II} &= 20 \cdot 16 = 320 \\
 L_{\text{semua}} &= 320 + 336 = 656
 \end{aligned}$$

18. $EF = BC = 7 \text{ cm}$.



$$\frac{y}{8} = \frac{6}{10}$$

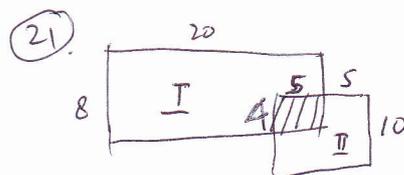
$$\begin{aligned}
 0,9 &= 10 - NO \\
 &= 10 - 4,8 \\
 &= 5,2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 10y &= 48 \\
 y &= 4,8
 \end{aligned}$$

20.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{2}{2+4} &= \frac{x}{6} \\
 \frac{2}{6} &= \frac{x}{6} \\
 x &= 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$EF = 9 + 2 = 11$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 L_I &= 20 \cdot 8 - 5 \cdot 4 & L_{II} &= 10 \cdot 10 - 5 \cdot 4 \\
 &= 160 - 20 & &= 100 - 20 \\
 &= 140 \text{ cm}^2 & &= 80
 \end{aligned}$$

$$L_I + L_{II} = 140 + 80 = 220 \text{ cm}^2$$

22. Lampu = $\frac{2(12+20)}{4 \cdot 2} = \frac{32}{2} = 16$ lampu

23. KA = Garis tinggi
 KC = Garis berat
 BL = Garis bagi

24. $\angle ABD + \angle DBC = 180^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned}
 7x + 31^\circ + 2x - 4^\circ &= 180^\circ \\
 7x + 2x &= 180^\circ - 31^\circ + 4^\circ \\
 9x &= 153^\circ \\
 x &= \frac{153}{9} \\
 &= 17^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \angle ABD &= 7x + 31^\circ \\
 &= 7.(17^\circ) + 31^\circ \\
 &= 119^\circ + 31^\circ \\
 &= 150^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

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25. $\angle KOL = 180^\circ - 44^\circ = 136^\circ$

$\angle KML = \frac{1}{2} \angle KOL = \frac{1}{2} 136^\circ = 68^\circ$

26. $e^2 = p^2 - (R-r)^2$
 $15^2 = 17^2 - (10-r)^2$

$(10-r)^2 = 289 - 225 = 64$

$10-r = 8$

$10-8 = r$

$2 = r$

27. $\frac{RS}{TS} = \frac{L.RPS}{L.TPS}$

$\frac{16}{30} = \frac{L.RPS}{75}$

$30 \cdot L.RPS = 75 \cdot 16$

$L.RPS = \frac{75 \cdot 16}{30} = 40$

$= 5 \cdot 8 = 40 \text{ cm}^2$

28. $K = 4(p+e+t) = 4(10+6+4) = 4 \cdot 20 = 80 \text{ cm}$

Sisa kawat = $100 - 80 = 20 \text{ cm}$

29. bidang sisi = 2
 rusuk = 1

30. $K = 2(p+e)$	$V = \frac{1}{3} \cdot LA \cdot t$ $= \frac{1}{3} \cdot 48 \cdot 24 = 48 \cdot 24 = 1.152 \text{ cm}^3$
$120 = 2(48+e)$	
$60 = 48+e$	
$60-48 = e$	
$12 = e$	

31. $\frac{V_t}{V_B} = \frac{\pi r^2 t}{\frac{4}{3} \pi r^2 r} = \frac{t}{\frac{4}{3} r} = t \cdot \frac{3}{4r}$
 $= 2r \cdot \frac{3}{4r} = \frac{3}{2}$

$V_t = \frac{3}{2} \times V_B = \frac{3}{2} \cdot 300 = 450 \text{ cm}^3$

32. $t_\Delta = \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{100} = 10 \text{ m}$

Luas $L_\Delta = 4 \cdot L_\Delta = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 16 \cdot 10 = 320 \text{ m}^2$

Biaya = $320 \times 60 = 19.200 \text{ r.tu}$

33. sisi kubus = $\sqrt[3]{216} = 6 \text{ cm}$

Luas kubus = $6s^2 = 6 \cdot 6^2 = 216 \text{ cm}^2$

34. $L_{selimut} = 2\pi r t = 2 \cdot \frac{22}{7} \cdot \frac{7}{2} \cdot 8 = 44 \text{ cm}^2$

35. $\bar{x} = \frac{4 \times 70 + x}{5}$

$72 = \frac{280 + x}{5}$

$72 \cdot 5 = 280 + x$

$360 - 280 = x$

$80 = x$

36. modus = 7

37. Penjualan 3 tahun = $60 + 40 + 70 = 170 \text{ buah}$

38. Selisih = $500 - 100 = 400$

39. $P(\text{jumlah 8}) = \frac{5}{36}$

40. $P(\text{kuning}) = \frac{36}{80} = \frac{9}{20} = \frac{45}{100}$